

John Hennessy

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educational world. This lady was the mother of his three children, two of whom survive him. After her death Mr. Shaw married Mrs. McCutchen, a lady whose first husband perished in the army during the civil war. She survives the deceased. Some years ago, Mr. Shaw came to Iowa with the view of making his home near his sons in Crawford county; but in a few years he found that old associations had too strong an attachment for him to permit his remaining away from his native state. Accordingly, he returned to Vermont. He came again to Iowa on a visit in 1897, and to attend the inauguration of his son as governor—a happy occasion for the venerable gentleman. Last summer his daughter, Mrs. Cora Allen, passed away. On Saturday, the 3d, Mr. Shaw had a partial stroke of paralysis, which the physicians looked upon as likely to be fatal. The patient however suffered no pain, and seemed to be entirely comfortable, conversing pleasantly with his family, until Sunday evening, when he lapsed into unconsciousness, in which condition he remained until the end peacefully came on Tuesday, the 6th, at 4:30 p. m. His son, the Governor of Iowa, was summoned to his father's bedside, but did not arrive until the aged man had passed away. He was at the funeral, it being the second time he had been called to his old home on a like mournful errand since he became Governor. Mr. Shaw's other son, Dutha W., resides at Manilla, Crawford county. His wife is the daughter of his father's present wife by her former marriage.

MOST REVEREND JOHN HENNESSY, Archbishop of Dubuque, was born in Limerick county, Ireland, August 20, 1826; he died at Dubuque, Iowa, March 4, 1900. He received his primary education in his own home, but studied from his 12th to his 22d year under special teachers. He came to this country in 1847, and studied awhile at Carondelet Seminary, near St. Louis, where he was ordained to the Roman Catholic priesthood by Archbishop Kenrick, in 1850. He was pastor of the church at New Madrid, and also at Gravois, Missouri, from 1850 to 1855, when he became professor of dogmatic theology at the theological seminary at Carondelet. He taught for two years when he was attached to the cathedral at St. Joseph, Missouri, and also officiated at St. Joseph's church in that city. In 1866 he was appointed Bishop of Dubuque. In 1893 Dubuque became a metropolitan see and Dr. Hennessy was promoted to the archbishopric. His archdiocese included five sees—Dubuque, Davenport, Omaha, Lincoln and Cheyenne. He was one of the profoundest scholars and ablest men in the Catholic church of this country—with few equals in executive ability—and one of the most influential in its councils. He was not often heard from the pulpit, though he had a high reputation as an orator. He was especially distinguished for his work in establishing hospitals and schools, and for a year or two before his death was striving to found a great educational institution which would have become the chief work of his life. In his death his church in the United States has lost one of its greatest men. His funeral was attended by Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishops Ireland, Ryan, Feehan, Keane, and many others of the most distinguished priests and prelates throughout the country.

DR. WILLIAM CRAIG was born in Westmoreland county, Pa., July 29, 1817; he died at Keosauqua, Iowa, Dec. 14, 1899. He was of Scottish descent. His boyhood and youth were spent on his father's farm, but he entered upon the study of medicine at Geneva College, N. Y., in 1843. He also studied at the Western Reserve University, at Cleveland, O., where he graduated in 1851. In the autumn of that year he settled at Keosauqua, Iowa, which was his home to the end of his days. He served as Mayor of the city, upon the school board, and was a leading deacon of the Congregational church. People of these days can little appreciate what a humane

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