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Good Times on the Diamond Jo

Steamboat excursions on the upper Mississippi were among the most popular of Iowa pastimes. Scores of handsome packets were pressed into service to meet the demands of all kinds of organizations for all-day outings on the Father of Waters. Although a hundred different steamboats plied the eastern border of Iowa during the 1850's, they were unable to satisfy the passenger demand. After the Civil War, raftboats, towboats, and even ferryboats were called upon to transport excursion parties. These trips were enjoyed by excursionists from inland communities as well as river towns. So great was the demand and so large the crowds that special excursion barges were constructed for the smaller craft to insure a place for all.

Newspaper editors were frequently instigators as well as recorders of river excursions. "This warm weather will remind people," the Clinton Iowa Age declared on June 4, 1869, "that about these days pic-nics in the groves and excursions on the river are exactly in order." Within the month fully a dozen excursions were run out of Clinton. The "teachers and scholars" of the Congregational Sabbath School steamed to Sabula,
Bellevue, and Savanna on June 19th. Eleven days later the Presbyterians chartered the steamboat *Diamond Jo* with her fine band for an excursion to Rock Island. Four hundred Clintonians made the trip. This same craft, under the command of “Diamond Jo” Reynolds himself, took over four hundred Baptists and their friends from Clinton to Rock Island on July 3rd, where they mingled with a happy group of Methodists who had arrived from Muscatine aboard the *City of Keithsburg*. The total receipts for this trip were $976.37 and the Baptists made a net profit of $600.94.

Such excursions were popular because they were inexpensive, could be run on week-ends and holidays, and were usually for some worthy cause. Equally popular although far more expensive was an excursion to St. Paul and the Falls of St. Anthony which George Catlin had denominated the “Fashionable Tour” as early as 1837. To this Mecca for honeymooner and vacationist the Rock Island Railroad had run its “Grand Excursion” of 1854 to celebrate the arrival of the first iron-horse on the banks of the Mississippi. Thousands of Iowans can still recall the pleasures of such a trip aboard one of the packets of the Diamond Jo Line in the first decade of the twentieth century. A smaller number can recall earlier trips aboard the Diamond Jo boats. It is doubtful if many can remember the excursion which Clin-
ton citizens made in 1869 aboard the steamboat *Diamond Jo*. This was probably the first such excursion made by a *Diamond Jo* boat. Since Joseph Reynolds himself commanded his namesake on this trip, and since he served a relatively short time as steamboat captain, the story of this voyage is well worth recording.

Few excursions to the Falls of St. Anthony have received more publicity than that of the *Diamond Jo* in 1869. Perhaps this was due to the fact that E. H. Thayer, editor of the Clinton *Iowa Age* was one of the prime instigators of the trip. At the time of the excursion a fellow editor, M. A. Fuller, of the Chicago *Republican* was visiting Thayer, and it is possible that he expressed a desire to make such a trip. At any rate on July 2nd it was announced that Captain Joseph Reynolds would charter the *Diamond Jo* for such an excursion at $25 per couple if fifty couples would participate. Since room, meals, and transportation were included in this seven-day voyage it is difficult to see how "*Diamond Jo*" expected to make any money on it.

The *Diamond Jo* was scarcely the boat to charter for so large a crowd. Built at Prairie du Chien in 1864 for grain transport, she was 165 feet long, thirty-two feet of beam, had a depth of four feet three inches, and measured 242 tons. Designed as a towboat, the *Diamond Jo* usually pushed several grain barges, and was notoriously
slow and hard to handle. Moreover, she possessed only nineteen state rooms with two berths each and was therefore capable of providing suitable accommodations for only thirty-eight passengers. Her United States Steamboat Inspectors Certificate, dated July 10, 1865, shows she had additional berths for fifty deck or other passengers. Hence, the Diamond Jo was not equipped to carry fifty couples. But the lack of comfortable accommodations along with other drawbacks did not deter the legal limit of eighty-eight Clintonites such as the Lambs, the Youngs, and the Seamans, from making the trip, largely through the efforts of Horace Baker and H. B. Sutherland.

The party began boarding the Diamond Jo on the evening of July 5th. At nine o’clock “amid the cheers of the crowd on shore, properly responded to by the excursionists on board” the Diamond Jo “cut her cable” and turned her bow upstream, making fair time to Fulton. Here the excursionists noted with apprehension that the Diamond Jo picked up two grain barges.

Most of the party paid little attention to the progress of the Diamond Jo that first evening. “The boat fairly off,” E. H. Thayer wrote to his paper from Dubuque, “the tables in the cabin were piled up, the music summoned, and the dance commenced. But not to continue long. The ladies could hardly bear the idea of allowing such hours and such opportunities for dancing to pass with-
out being improved — but the fact is, they were too wearied with the day’s toil in preparing for the trip, to enter into the dance with spirit — and consequently we must chronicle the statement that the first attempt of this excursion party to dance on the Diamond Jo was a failure.” Nobody felt like retiring at midnight, however, and the party accordingly gathered in small groups, making new acquaintances, and planning for the morrow’s fun.

It was not until two o’clock that the excursionists repaired to their staterooms. It was then that they received their first blow. According to Thayer there were “either too many people on board or too few state-rooms and berths.” Of course the ladies had to be provided for, and so several gentlemen gave up their berths and slept on thin mattresses on the cabin floor. “O, how my bones ache,” wailed the promoter of the trip, who reclined on the same mattress with B. S. De Forrest and L. W. Buck. The latter tried to sleep and dream of St. Paul and the nice time in store for the “happy” excursionists, an effort that met with indifferent success.

After a couple hours of tortured sleep the “floor lodgers” were routed out by a “cross-grained” and “crabbed” steward at 4:30 A. M. in order to prepare the cabin for breakfast. When the sleepy men learned that the Diamond Jo was still eight miles below Bellevue there were “mutterings” and sounds of “mutiny,” with threats to
return to Clinton on the first boat. Ever “polite and gentlemanly” Captain Reynolds assuaged the excursionists. “When we get to Dubuque,” he declared, “we will lay in the articles we need — we will have some cots, quilts, pillows, two or three more cooks, ice, and a few drinkables, &c., and we will yet make the trip pleasant and agreeable.” All breathed easier at this promise for everyone knew that “Diamond Jo” was as good as his word. A tasty breakfast improved the general tone of the Clintonians and it was generally felt that the captain, clerk, and other officers would soon whip the Diamond Jo into shape and take care of the overflow crowd.

The excursionists disembarked at Dubuque shortly after dinner. Some rode in the street cars, many crowded the walks, all expressed themselves well-pleased with Dubuque, especially the bakeries and confectionaries. “From Dubuque the improvements promised by the Captain were carried out to the letter,” E. H. Thayer recorded. “The first supper on board was excellent in every respect, and general good nature brightened up all countenances.”

A pleasant feature of any river trip is the constantly changing panorama. After tea the excursionists assembled outside the cabin to admire the beautiful and majestic scenery along the Iowa shore. Who would not agree with the following! “There is a good deal of sameness about the Mis-
sissippi river scenery, but it is a sameness of which the eye never tires, because the scenery is gotten up on such a gorgeous and extensive plan, that the more a person looks the more he becomes infatuated and the more anxious he is to see all and miss nothing. . . . From the second evening of our trip to the Sabbath following, we saw rock-ribbed hills and mountains, beautiful vales, and such other gorgeous river scenery as no other stream on the face of the earth can boast."

Another feature of any Mississippi voyage is the relative slowness with which many craft churn upstream. Even in 1869 the excursionists were appalled at the snail-like movement of the Diamond Jo, for many doubtless had traveled aboard such sleek racehorses as the Phil Sheridan, the Sucker State, and the Hawkeye State, steamboats whose speed was proverbial. "Wednesday morning found us plodding along, as only a stern wheel boat with two loaded barges, can plod. It was like going to a funeral by steam. True there was hilarity and fun on board. Dancing occasionally — music on the piano, singing of popular songs with chorus by the company, a little euchre, more whist and a good deal of 'seven up' — but the confounded boat moved so slow that we all thought it was more becoming on such an occasion to be demure and solemn, so that it looked as though the fun part was made simply from custom. At wood landings the company would go ashore
DIAMOND JO AND SOME OF HIS MEN

This Picture Of Joseph Reynolds

Captain John Killeen, superintendent.

Charles L. Petersen, Dubuque Agent.

Captain-Pilot R. J. Isherwood.
The Lansing—blown up at Hampton, Illinois.

The Diamond Jo with her grain barges.

The Libbie Conger with her barge.
Steamboat *Josephine* and excursion barge.

Steamboat *Josephine* with Inter-State Excursion.
PORT OF DUBUQUE—ss.

I, do swear, according to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the ship or vessel called the "Brownsville" is in length 14 2 feet, in breadth 4 feet, 5 inches; in depth 3 feet, and is of the burden of 121, 920. and was built at Old Town Wharf in the year 1866. That my usual place of abode is , citizen of the United States, the true and only owner of the said ship or vessel; that there is no subject or citizen of any foreign Prince or State, directly or indirectly, by way of trust, confidence or otherwise, interested therein, or in the profits or issues thereof; and that is the present Master or Commander of the said ship or vessel.

Sworn to this __ day of __________, 1866.

Surveyor and Inspector.

I, , the present Master of the above mentioned vessel, do swear that I am a citizen of the United States, having been on the ___ day of __________, 1866.

Sworn to this __ day of __________, 1866.

Surveyor and Inspector.

I, , Master of the above named vessel, do also swear that the License shall not be used for any other vessel, or any other employment, than that for which it is specially granted, or in any trade or business whereby the revenue of the United States may be defrauded.

Sworn to this __ day of __________, 1866.

Surveyor and Inspector.

Registration for barge Brownsville signed by Joseph Reynolds.
“Diamond Jo” Line Steamers
RUNNING ON THE UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER
BURLINGTON AND ST. PAUL.

THROUGH FREIGHT ROUTE between EAST and the NORTHWEST
BY JOINT ARRANGEMENT WITH
CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R'Y from CHICAGO via FULTON,
GREEN BAY & MINNESOTA R. R. from GREEN BAY via EASTMOOR,
and embracing other Rail connections as below for all points.

EAST, WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

THROUGH CONTRACTS made and THROUGH BILLS LADING given from
NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, and all important points, to all River Landings, Burlington and above, and to all important interior points.

FEES RATES ALWAYS LOWER than All Rail Lines. NO TRANSFER CHARGES will be made from Eastern Roads or Lake Boats at Chicago or Green Bay on freight consigned to us.

To prevent diversion and to insure speedy transportation and low rates it is important that all packages should be MARKED and all shipments CONSIGNED as follows:

From CHICAGO or from EAST via CHICAGO: “Care C. & N.W. R'y & Line via Fulton,”

From GREEN BAY or EAST via GREEN BAY: “Care G. B. & M. R. R. and Line via Green Bay & Eastmoor.”

GENERAL OFFICE, DUBUQUE, IOWA.

JO REYNOLDS, Gen'l Manager
W. G. WOOD, Supt. and Gen'l Frt. Agent
W. E. WELLINGTON, Gen'l Agent
K. WATSON, Agent, 401 Broadway, NEW YORK.

Diamond Jo Line advertisement of its railroad connections.
Steamer Quincy passing Burlington, Ia.

Another view of the Steamer Quincy.

Arrow points to old Diamond Jo Line headquarters at Dubuque. A block long frame Wharfboat stood on levee between Dubuque harbor and new highway bridge.
A snagged Diamond Jo boat was always easily raised by Captain John Killeen.
The *Pittsburgh*, after the St. Louis Cyclone of 1896, was towed to the Diamond Jo boatyard at Dubuque.

Steamboat *Dubuque* rebuilt from the wrecked *Pittsburgh*.

Another view of the rebuilt Diamond Jo Packet *Dubuque*.
REMEMBER
That if you wish to make a Pleasant Trip and spend your Vacation in a Cheap and Desirable Manner, take the Old Reliable

Diamond Jo Line Steamers,

And see the Majestic Mississippi. The Magnificent Steamers comprising this Famous Line were planned and built expressly for this trade. They are large and of Light Draft, and make Regular Trips at all stages of water; are completely equipped and commanded by Experienced and Competent Officers.

Our Steamers Run Regularly between ST. LOUIS and ST. PAUL, connecting at all Prominent Points with Rail and River Lines

FOR ALL POINTS EAST, WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH
Through Tickets to all Points by River and Rail at Less than all Rail Rates.

Do not fail to give us a trial and see the magnificent scenery of the Upper Mississippi. Consult your own interest by getting our rates before purchasing tickets by any other route.

JO. REYNOLDS, President
FRED. A. HILL, Gen'l Pass. Agent
E. M. DICKER, Superintendent
C. A. HUTCHINSON, Agent, Kookuk, Iowa
DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS
THE POPULAR PACKET LINE ON
THE UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

OLDEST ORGANIZED LINE
BETWEEN
ST. LOUIS and ST. PAUL,

And Operates the Following Steamers During the Season of Navigation:
MARY MORTON,
JOSEPHINE,
SIDNEY,
PITTSBURGH,
LIBBIE CONGER,
JOSIE.

THIS IS THE BEST ROUTE
TO THE
Golden Summer Resorts of the Great Northwest!
OR TO THE
Popular Wintering Places of the Sunny South!

Our Steamers are First Class in Every Respect, Well Equipped and Officered; the Tables Well Supplied and Nothing is Neglected in Any Department to Insure
SPEED, COMFORT, SAFETY AND ENJOYMENT.

TOURIST TICKETS AT LOW RATES.

Consult your own interest by getting our Rates before purchasing Tickets via any other Route. Send for Circulars.

GENERAL OFFICE, DUBUQUE, IA.
JO REYNOLDS, E. M. DICKEY,
President. Superintendent.
FRED A. BILL,
Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Sutton's Dubuque City Directory — 1888-9
Diamond Jo Line Steamers

Oldest Organized Line Between

St. Louis and St. Paul!

Three Elegant Stern-Wheel Passenger Packets Each Way Every Week, and a Local Packet Running Between Dubuque and Davenport, Making Three Trips Each Week During the Season of Navigation.

The Popular Tourist Route!

Our Steamers are Thoroughly Equipped, Furnished and Supplied in Every Particular with all that Experience can Suggest for the Comfort, Pleasure and Safety of our Patrons; are Large and of Light Draught, and Run THROUGH TO ST. PAUL at ALL STAGES OF WATER.

Quick Time!---Low Rates!---Fine Accommodations!
Write for Circulars.

General Office, Dubuque, Iowa.

Jo Reynolds, Pres. E. M. Dickey, Supt.

Polk's Dubuque City Directory — 1884-5
Listen to What We Say.
You can travel by the Old Reliable

Diamond Jo Line Steamers

Cheaper than you can board at any First-Class Resort.

PATRONS OF THE

Great River Route

Secure all the elegance and comforts of a First Class Hotel while seeing the ever changing and Magnificent Scenery of the Mississippi River.

SAFETY, COMFORT AND SPEED,

Are commanded by able and experienced officers, and their tables are supplied with every obtainable luxury.

For Rates and Information, apply to

ISAAC P. LUSK, General Passenger Agent,
ST LOUIS, MO.

J. H. EINSPANJER, Agent,
FORT MADISON, IOWA.

McCoy's Fort Madison City Directory — 1888-1899

LISTEN

To what we say. You can travel by the Old Reliable

DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS

Cheaper than Board at a First Class Summer Resort

PATRONS OF THE

GREAT RIVER ROUTE

Secure all the Elegance and Comfort of a First-Class Hotel while seeing the ever changing and Magnificent Scenery of the Mississippi River.

THE STEAMERS of this line are provided with every known Convenience for Safety, Comfort and Speed; are commanded by Able and Experienced Officers, and their Tables are supplied with every Obtainable Luxury.

For Rates and Information apply to

JAMES OSBORN, Davenport, Iowa

or ISAAC P. LUSK, Gen'l Pass. and Freight Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

Stone's Davenport City Directory — 1898-1899
Passenger Boats on the Mississippi, Clinton, Iowa.

CLINTON, IOWA. Mississippi River Packet & Bridges
8211. Steamer, Dubuque, on Mississippi River.

Muscateine High Bridge, Muscatine, la.
ST. LOUIS TO ST. PAUL

Ordinarily, is about four days. The return trip is made in about three days.

THE ENTIRE EXPENSE FOR THIS TRIP IS

About First-Class Hotel Rates.

Making it the Cheapest as well as the

MOST BEAUTIFUL TRIP in the ENTIRE NORTHWEST.

For further information, Time Tables, etc., apply to any
of the following Agents:

Harry Clark, Gen. Agent........................................ St. Paul, Minn.
Chas. E. Day.......................................................... Hastings, Minn.
N. A. Peterson..................................................... Red Wing, Minn.
Gillett & Eaton..................................................... Lake City, Minn.
Frank E. Piper..................................................... Wabasha, Minn.
P. Minck............................................................... Winona, Minn.
Tracy L. Burke..................................................... La Crosse, Wis.
Nielander & Co..................................................... Lansing, Iowa.
Geo. A. Cox.......................................................... McGregor, Iowa.
C. L. Petersen..................................................... Dubuque, Iowa.
Koeneman & Sieverding......................................... Bellevue, Iowa.
Geo. Casparia....................................................... Savanna, Ill.
S. E. Day.............................................................. Sabula, Iowa.
J. C. Snyder......................................................... Fulton, Ill.
Smith & Oakes..................................................... Clinton, Iowa.
Geo. Lamont........................................................ Rock Island, Ill.
Jas. Osborn......................................................... Davenport, Iowa.
Wm. G. Block Co................................................... Muscatine, Iowa.
W. W. Kinney....................................................... Burlington, Iowa.
J. H. Einspanner.................................................... Fort Madison, Iowa.
Jno. McNamara..................................................... Keokuk, Iowa.
W. J. Clippert...................................................... Warsaw, Ill.
J. A. Zenge........................................................... Canton, Mo.
A. H. Pennoyer.................................................... Quincy, Ill.
C. A. Pennoyer..................................................... Hannibal, Mo.
H. W. Pitzer......................................................... Louisiana, Mo.
K. H. Norris......................................................... Clarksville, Mo.
Eagle Packet Co.................................................... Alton, Ill.
ISAAC P. LUSK, General Passenger Agent................. St. Louis, Mo.
JAY MORTON......................................................... 932 Monadnock Block, Chicago, Ill.
AS OUR RUNNING TIME depends very much upon the stage of water, and is liable to change, our time tables are not published herein, but will be furnished, or our leaving time from any station given, on application to any Local or the General Passenger Agent.

The New Steamer St. Paul, is the largest and finest passenger steamer on the Mississippi River. Stateroom accommodations are provided for over three hundred passengers. This steamer is a marvel of marine architecture.

MEALS AND BERTHS.

Holders of cabin transportation tickets can purchase through meal and berth tickets, or will be furnished meals at meal hours on board steamer at the following rates: Breakfast, 50 cents; dinner, 75 cents; supper, 50 cents. Berth in stateroom, $1.00 per night for each person.

All meals and berths furnished to passengers after steamer has arrived at their destination or previous to advertised leaving time will be charged extra, at regular rates, except that when steamers arrive at terminal point during the night, passengers may remain in their berths until morning without extra charge, whenever steamer remains in port that length of time. 

BEAR THESE IN MIND.

Only by this route can the magnificent scenery of the Upper Mississippi River be seen to advantage. You can travel with us for less money than you can board at a first-class hotel.

The pure air, the exhilarating atmosphere and the pleasant surroundings give the traveler an amazing appetite.

All first-class tickets include meals and berth, unless otherwise stated on the ticket.

All the dust and discomforts of railroad travel are avoided by traveling on our fine steamers.

A good orchestra is on each steamer.

When comparing rates by this line with all-rail rates, please add to the latter sleeping car charges and cost of meals, that the comparison may be just.

It is a good plan for parties in the interior to write our agent at the nearest river point, and have him advise them when a steamer will be due, to avoid even the possibility of delay on arrival at the river.

Stop-overs are not granted at points between Embarkation and Destination on either one way or round-trip tickets. Persons whenever stopping at intermediate points, should purchase tickets to such points only.

The regular landing whistle of our line is two long blasts of the steam whistle, followed by two short blasts in quick succession. One long blast followed by one short one is the hailing signal, and means that the steamer will not land at the point she is approaching unless signaled.

In case of disagreement with the clerk relative to tickets or amount of fare, or with any officer regarding privileges or charges, the passenger should accept the officer's ruling and refer the matter to the General Office for adjustment. The officers have no discretionary power, and are governed by rules which they cannot change.

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RATES FOR CHILDREN.

When accompanied by an adult, children under three years of age will be carried free; between three and five years of age, one-quarter fare; between five and twelve years of age, one-half fare; over twelve years of age, full fare. This rule will be strictly enforced, and when tickets include meals and berths, not over two children of any one class will be allowed with an adult holding only one full fare ticket. Additional children will be charged next higher rate.

Children will be charged full fare if occupying seats at the first table, except when they can be given such seats without inconvenience to adult
The *Josie* with her tow of grain barges.

The *Tidal Wave* with her barges in tow.
Excursionists enjoy the top deck of the *Sidney*. 
Raftboat Glenmont, rebuilt from Steamboat Ida Fulton.

Raftboat J. W. Van Sant rescues crew from sunken Glenmont.

Raftboat North Star, rebuilt from the Glenmont.
Five Mississippi steamboats at the Burlington levee.

Diamond Jo Line landing at St. Paul, Minnesota.
Cabin of the Diamond Jo Line Steamer Quincy.

Cabin plans of a side-wheel and stern-wheel steamboat.
Diamond Jo Line boatyard at Eagle Point—Dubuque.

Diamond Jo Line boatyard at Dubuque.
TWO VIEWS OF THE BOATWAYS AT KEOKUK, IOWA
Diamond Jo Line Steamboat *Quincy* taking on coal at the Rock Island Wharfboat.

The Diamond Jo Warehouse at Guttenberg.

Diamond Jo Wharfboat at Winona, Minnesota.
The Diamond Jo Wharfboat at Keokuk, Iowa.

The Diamond Jo Wharfboat at Quincy, Illinois.
The Fountain in Triangle Park at McGregor. Gift of Mrs. Reynolds.

Birdseye view of McGregor—Home of Diamond Jo Reynolds.
and hunt up little amusements such as climbing the bluffs, milking the cows, (of course paying for the milk), buying nic-nacs at the solitary store, filling pitchers with nice spring water, gathering specimens from the rocky beach, promenading up and down the shore, skipping smooth rocks upon the river, &c."

At two o'clock on Wednesday afternoon the Diamond Jo finally crawled up to the Lansing levee, having made 164 miles in forty-one hours, or approximately four miles an hour. This was about the same time the Phil Sheridan required to run from St. Louis to Dubuque, a distance of 425 miles. Mournfully Editor Thayer recorded: "No wonder Frank Woodworth expresses the hope that we will reach St. Paul before the river freezes over, especially if he is as poor a skater as he says he is; though he must be terribly slow on the skate if he couldn't beat the Diamond Jo's time thus far."

Leaving Lansing behind, the excursionists were soon passing along the southeastern border of Minnesota. Here the redman could still be seen, although the ladies of the party apparently did not admire these "sons of the forests" because they were not "clad with that extravagance which civilization might require." The stronger sex was not averse to such apparel, however, and H. B. Sutherland even relieved himself of a "splendid dissertation" on the subject of "legs" suggested
by the "well formed proportions of a red daughter of the forest."

Steamboat excursionists are likely to cut grotesque capers when away from home. The Clintonites reserved their most ludicrous performance for Brownsville, the first Minnesota town above the northern boundary of Iowa. After visiting a celebrated cave a few voyageurs returned to the Diamond Jo with a suspicious looking keg. Others bought out a music store and formed a "Gideons Band" with which to entertain the citizens of Brownsville. H. B. Sutherland served as grand trumpeter, J. E. Voneiff as jewsharper, William Young as drummer, Frank Woodworth as blower general, Lafayette Lamb as second trumpeter, C. H. Leadbetter as third trumpeter, S. Thomas as fifer, and a regiment of supernumeraries with tin horns, tin trumpets, tin pans, and similar instruments. "The concert which followed eclipsed all like entertainments ever heard or conceived of," according to the Iowa Age. "It was unanimously voted that one such exhibition was as much as the excursionists were entitled to, and the thing was not repeated."

The Clintonians tarried but a moment at La Crosse and Winona. As they approached Lake Pepin the gigantic bluffs called forth the "loudest exclamations of wonder" from the entire company. Lake City was described as a "perfect beauty" of a town. After hearing the romantic
tale of Maiden Rock the excursionists concluded that parents should not interfere with their daughters' choice of lovers. While the Diamond Jo was leaving its second barge at Red Wing to be loaded with grain, the passengers searched for "cornelians, agates, and precious stones." The remainder of the trip was made with dispatch, the Diamond Jo nosing into the St. Paul wharf on Friday, July 9th, at 6 A.M.

The excursionists were not slow to plan their tour of the twin cities. In "elegant rigs" they drove to St. Anthony and "took a peep at the saw mills, flour mills, woolen mills and machine shops, took a hurried look at the dams, canals, aprons, sluices, tunnels, and shafts of the water power, imbibed a few glasses of mineral water, went down some rickety stairs into a cave... admired the beautiful Falls of St. Anthony... then crossed the river on the suspension bridge into Minneapolis." After driving through the Minneapolis residential district—"the most attractive city we have seen in the west—if we except Clinton," the party visited the "stupendous" lumber mills, wheat elevators, public buildings, and water works. They reached the Nicollet Hotel in time for a "square meal" and a noon rest.

After dinner the party started for Minnehaha Falls and old Fort Snelling. According to Thayer, the "world-renowned Minnehaha" was a "nice, modest, pretty, beautiful, magnificent cascade."
The more you look, the more you admire it. It is like gazing upon a beautiful woman — you look and admire, and admire and look. . . . Laughing, sparkling, bright and shining — Minnehaha is the grand and gay princess of all waterfalls. You love her at first sight!"

After buying postcards of Minnehaha and indulging in ice cream the party whirled away to Fort Snelling, which overlooked the Mississippi at the junction of that stream with the Minnesota River. Gathering storm clouds cut short their visit to a great cave nearby and the excursionists hurried back to St. Paul which they reached at six o'clock. Although fatigued from their sightseeing, all were "wonderfully well pleased" with their tour. Many prophesied a great future for St. Paul; some were even heard to exclaim, "were we not a Clintonian we would be a St. Paulian."

That night a tired but happy group of excursionists returned to the Diamond Jo. Forgotten was the dance which some had proposed that morning. All on board quickly "piled" themselves away for sleep at an early hour and at two o'clock on Saturday morning the Diamond Jo was bound downstream for Clinton.

The return trip was made in record time for the Diamond Jo, unhampered as she was by barges and with little freight aboard. The boat went booming through Lake Pepin while a gale whipped up white caps. She paused a moment at Lake
City, danced gaily past Reads Landing, and put in at Winona for a couple of hours. The only accident occurred when she unslipped a rudder while approaching La Crosse but this was quickly repaired. The best dance of the trip was held on Saturday night. A solemn religious service was conducted in the cabin on Sunday morning with A. P. Hosford reading one of Dr. Alexander's excellent sermons and E. W. Goodale concluding with prayer. The *Diamond Jo* stopped at McGregor twenty minutes for noon refreshments. On Sunday evening the lights of Dubuque blinked their welcome and once more a short stop was made. Then off they sped on the final leg of the journey, with all retiring at an early hour. At four o'clock on Monday morning the *Diamond Jo* glided up to Butcher's landing at Clinton, having made the round-trip in exactly six days and seven hours, including the numerous stops.

The voyage of the *Diamond Jo* was typical of hundreds along the eastern border of Iowa. The Clinton excursionists were not inclined to praise the *Diamond Jo* as the best craft for such a trip because they felt Captain Reynolds had crowded on too many passengers for the comfort of all aboard. The boat was unable to feed so large a number satisfactorily, a first and second table being needed and this produced considerable complaint among those who partook of the remains at the second table. The passengers had nothing but
venom for the "cross-grained, snappish, snarling old colored curmudgeon" who served as steward, but praised the efforts of "Diamond Jo" and the other officers who tried to make them comfortable in their cramped quarters.

It was customary for excursionists to adopt resolutions thanking the captain and his officers for their many kindnesses. A meeting was called in the cabin of the _Diamond Jo_ on July 10th with J. Scofield presiding and J. F. McGuire as secretary. Judge E. H. Thayer, editor of the _Iowa Age_, served as chairman of the resolutions committee with A. P. Hosford and C. H. Leadbetter. Copies of the resolutions were presented to Captain Joseph Reynolds, to the committee which had labored industriously to arrange the excursion, and to the Clinton newspapers. "Resolved, That we unanimously tender to Captain Reynolds and the other officers of said steamboat _Diamond Jo_, our hearty and cordial thanks for the kind, gentlemanly and courteous treatment extended to us on the trip from Clinton, Iowa, to St. Paul, Minnesota, and return; that we shall always refer with pleasant recollections to the uniform kindness we have received from said captain and officers, and that we take pleasure in recommending to the traveling public who patronize steamboats on the Mississippi, either for business or pleasure, the staunch and commodious steamer _Diamond Jo_." The able skipper of the _Diamond Jo_ responded
JOHN GEIGER,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT,
Dealer in DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c., &c., - - CASSVILLE, WIS.

GOOD TIMES ON THE DIAMOND JO

By JOHN GEIGER, on account and risk of whom it may concern, on board the steamboat called

in Good Order and Condition,

and barges, whereof is Master for the present voyage, now lying at the Port of CASVILLE, the following articles, marked or numbered as below, which are to be delivered without delay, in like good order, at the port of Savannah, the unavoidable dangers of navigation and fire only excepted, to or assigns, he or they paying freight for the same at the rate of


Dated, at Cassville, this day of , 18__,

M A R K S .

A R T I C L E S .

W E I G H T .

D A T E .

C H A R G E S .
to the sentiments in a "brief, neat and pointed speech."

M. A. Fuller of the Chicago *Republican* was then called upon for a few remarks, after which, at the request of the party, he read an original poem written during the voyage. Despite his kindly sentiments, Editor Thayer felt constrained to write: "Our advice to excursion parties to St. Paul, is, to have the company fall below the number the boat can accommodate. Avoid the necessity of a second table, as you would avoid the plague. Be sure and take two days at St. Paul. Don't go on a boat that takes along two loaded barges. If you have a saucy, ugly steward, kick him overboard the first day. And then if you expect to have everything just as you want it, our advice is — don't go." He might have added, don't expect to take a week's all-expense cruise for the price of twenty-five dollars per couple. Apparently "Diamond Jo" Reynolds himself learned a lesson, for it was years before his boats attempted a similar excursion, and then they were larger and properly equipped.

*William J. Petersen*