

Charles E. Mills

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to 1919 when he retired. He passed through three South American revolutions and was supported on different occasions by the United States Navy, especially in Venezuela. He acted an important part in his consular work in the West Indies during the Spanish-American War. He did especially meritorious work during his twenty years of service in Mexico in protecting American interests and maintaining friendly relations between Mexico and the United States. He had a genuine affection for and interest in the Mexican people. He rendered a valuable service to his government.

HENRY DAYTON was born in Saratoga County, New York, September 30, 1836, and died in Waukon, Iowa, April 19, 1928. He obtained his education in the local public schools and in a near-by seminary. He taught school a few years in New York, removed to Allamakee County, Iowa, in 1857, and taught a winter term at Hardin, now an abandoned town of that county. In 1858 he went to Batesville, Arkansas, and entered a law office, but in 1861 returned to Iowa and read law with M. V. Burdick of Decorah, and was admitted to the bar in November of that year. He then taught school during winters for eight years, following surveying in summers, and in 1870 formed a law partnership with George B. Edmonds of Waukon, but in 1873 became a partner with his nephew, J. F. Dayton. Later he was associated professionally with G. W. Eaton. Politically he was a Democrat. In 1865 he was elected county surveyor of Allamakee County and served four years. In 1871 he was elected representative and was re-elected in 1873, serving in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth general assemblies. In 1888 he was elected county attorney and served six consecutive years. In 1916 when eighty years old he was again elected county attorney and served two years. He stood high in his profession and as a citizen.

CHARLES E. MILLS was born at Magnolia, Illinois, in 1868 and died in Phoenix, Arizona, January 17, 1929. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. K. Mills, emigrated to Cedar Rapids, Iowa, shortly after his birth. He was a graduate of the Cedar Rapids High School, and for several years studied engineering at the State University of Iowa. After finishing his education he located in Arizona, in 1888. Later he spent two years at Harvard in the study of mining and engineering. On account of his practical experience and special training he became general manager of the Detroit Copper Mining Company at Morenci, general manager of the Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company, and the International Smelting Company at Miami. During the World War he gave his time and service in the Aircraft Department. He was one of the organizers of the Apache Powder Company. He became interested in the Gila Valley Bank and Trust Company and president of that organization. He organized the Valley Bank of Phoenix, Arizona, and later merged the two under the name of the Valley Bank. He was for many years

an outstanding figure in mining and financial circles in the Southwest. His activities covered a wide range of business affairs. Mr. Mills always felt that he was a citizen of Iowa, his early home and where he spent his student years.—B. L. Wick.

FRED M. MOLSBERY was born in Plymouth County, Iowa, May 22, 1866, and died in Columbus Junction February 14, 1929. His parents were Joseph M. and Jemima Jane (Pitman) Molsberry. He was reared on the home farm, attended the local district school and was graduated from the Law Department of the State University of Iowa in 1892. He located in Columbus Junction and soon acquired a good practice. In 1894 he was elected county attorney, was twice re-elected and served until January, 1901. The fall of 1901 he was elected senator from the Louisa-Muscatine district and served in the Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth and Thirty-first general assemblies, achieving the reputation of a useful legislator. He remained in active practice of his profession until the day before his death. He was a member of the city council, was a director in the Cotter Savings Bank, was president of the local community club and took an active part in all movements of local welfare. He belonged to several fraternities, and was grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Iowa in the year 1903-04.

THOMAS EDWIN POWERS was born near Clarinda, Iowa, November 29, 1857, and died in Clarinda February 14, 1929. His parents were Jacob H. and Eliza B. (Silver) Powers. He received his preliminary education in the public schools of Clarinda, later attended the State University of Iowa including its Medical Department, and was graduated from the Missouri Medical College of St. Louis in 1881. He practiced for a short time in St. Louis, but soon located in practice in Clarinda. From 1891 to 1893 he was assistant superintendent of the Clarinda State Hospital for the Insane. Twice he spent considerable time in Germany studying surgery and attending clinics. In 1890 he established the Powers Hospital at Clarinda. His practice became large and he won distinction in his profession. He was elected representative in 1922 and was re-elected in 1924, serving in the Fortieth and Forty-first general assemblies, and being chairman of the Public Health Committee of the House during his last term. He was president of the State Medical Society for the year 1926-27 and was a member of the State Board of Health at the time of his death.

MILTON K. CAMPBELL was born in Belmont County, Ohio, November 1, 1837, and died in Pomona, California, December 18, 1928. His parents were William and Mary (Kerr) Campbell. When a small boy he removed with William Ramodge to near Monroe, Jasper County, Iowa. He attended public school, was two years in Central University, Pella, and taught for some time. June 24, 1861, he enlisted in Company B,

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