

Kathryn Munger

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also interested financially in farming and in coal mining. He was a Democrat in politics, was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee from 1887 to 1890, and in 1890 Governor Boies appointed him a member of a committee to select a location for the erection of a home for the blind. Largely through his leadership Knoxville was selected as the location, and in time it became the nucleus of the Veterans' Hospital now located there.

KATHRYN (PRENTIS) MUNGER was born in Vermilion, South Dakota, August 25, 1877, and died in Sioux City, Iowa, January 6, 1930. Burial was in Graceland Park Cemetery, Sioux City. Her parents were Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Prentis. She was graduated from Vermilion High School, after which she attended Miss Capin's School for Girls at Northampton, Massachusetts, was one year at Leland Stanford University, was graduated from the University of South Dakota, Vermillion, and later attended the Chicago School of Music. On June 8, 1904, she was married to Robert H. Munger, now a judge of the Fourth Judicial District of Iowa. Soon after their marriage they removed to Sioux City. She attained prominence in church and social work, in society, and in patriotic organizations. She was a deaconess of the First Congregational Church of Sioux City, and was a member of the Board of Directors of the Community House, Sioux City. She was prominent in the Federation of Women's Clubs and was a member of several social and patriotic organizations, was a past state regent, and at the time of her death, vice president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution. She was a member of the commission, provided for by the Forty-second General Assembly, along with former Senator Grout, and with Curator E. R. Harlan of the Historical, Memorial and Art Department, to locate the graves of soldiers of the American Revolution who were buried in Iowa.

ORLANDO BILLINGS COURTRIGHT was born on a farm in De Kalb County, Illinois, November 11, 1849, and died in Waterloo, Iowa, January 13, 1930. Burial was in Oak Hill Cemetery, Parkersburg. He was with his parents Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Courtright, as they removed to a farm in Grundy County, Iowa, in 1859. He attended public school in Grundy County, and was a student in Rockford Academy, Rockford, Illinois, from 1868 to 1870. For the following two years he farmed on the frontier in Nebraska, but in 1872 returned to Iowa and bought the *Ackley Enterprise*, which he edited two years, and in which he retained an interest for five years more. Reading law in the meantime, he was admitted to the bar in 1877 and began practice in Parkersburg. Here he was associated with M. F. Edwards, and later with J. W. Arbuckle. He removed to Waterloo in 1894, retaining his partnership with Mr. Arbuckle. In 1901 he was elected senator and served in the Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth and Thirty-first general assemblies. In 1919 he was

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