Lewis Todhunter
ment of the Gulf, and with his division participated in the siege and capture of Mobile, near the close of the war. He was mustered out at New Orleans after four years of active, faithful, and highly useful service. He settled in New Orleans, and engaged in business, but met with serious financial losses. He finally removed to New York where he was engaged in business up to the time of his death. His military record is a brilliant one and his promotion was very rapid. His surviving comrades in the civil war, and his personal friends generally, have never been satisfied with the neglect with which he was treated by the Iowa Commission which erected the monument south of the capital, in Des Moines. They believe that there should have been one of the equestrian statues at the base of the monument. His special friend, the late Hon. J. K. Graves of Dubuque, came to Des Moines during one of the sessions and made an earnest effort for what he believed to be General Herron’s due recognition, but the effort failed. His place, however, in the history of the civil war is an honorable one, and his reputation is secure. Future historians of the civil war will do full justice to his memory.

Lewis Tompkins was born in Fayette county, Ohio, April 6, 1817; he died at Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 23, 1902. He came to this State in 1839, settling on the Des Moines river in Polk county, where he engaged for a time in farming and merchandising. He removed to Indianapolis, Warren county, in 1854, where he began the practice of law, which he continued for more than a quarter of a century, and in which he was very successful. He served as prosecuting attorney, county auditor, and treasurer and mayor of the city. His most distinguished service, however, was as a member of the convention which met in Iowa City in 1857 and formed the present constitution of our State. In that body he represented Warren, Monroe, Adair and Cass counties. He also served in the army, 1862-65, as a quartermaster, with the rank of captain. He was widely known as an earnest and always active worker in the cause of temperance. He had joined the Washington movement recently as 1849. In the early days of the constitutional convention he introduced a resolution to prohibit smoking in the hall, which was unanimously adopted. He took an active and distinguished part in the deliberations of that body, his services making him well known throughout the state. His record in every respect, as a citizen, Christian gentleman, soldier, legislator, and advocate of temperance, is one of which his friends may well be proud. As long as he was able to come to Des Moines he was a regular attendant on the deliberations of the Pioneer Law Makers’ Association. He numbered among his friends scores of the leading and best men of Iowa during the past fifty years.

Rev. Moses K. Cross was born at Danvers, Mass., Sept. 29, 1812; he died at Waterloo, Iowa, March 12th, 1902. He graduated at Andover college, 1838; studied divinity at Hartford and Andover; was ordained pastor at Palmer, Mass., 1841; at South Deerfield, Mass., 1850; came to Iowa, 1853; was pastor atipton for ten years, and afterwards at Washington and Waverly. He spent the evening of his life at Waterloo, where his industry of spirit, his cultured mind, his cordial cooperation with the different churches in promoting the public welfare, and his dignified character enabled him to win the people. Mr. Cross was a generous scholar, of wide reading, of fine taste, and an open mind. He was devoted to literature and poetry, and especially to mythology. On these subjects he was a ready and voluminous writer, and he contributed many valuable papers to the press. He was a lover of nature, of trees, flowers and birds, and, while health allowed, his erect form and his crown of snowy