Autographs of Julien Dubuque
that in those days the catching of runaway negroes, under
the infamous fugitive slave law, was rife in the land, and de-
tachments of the federal army, or vessels of the U. S. Navy;
could be readily secured to return a slave to his master. Henry
Wilson's "Rise and Fall of the Slave Power," and the "Life
of Anthony Burns," fully confirm these statements.

"The Tragedy at Minnewaukon" is the title of the con-
cluding article in "John Brown among the Quakers and
Other Sketches," a neat little volume by Hon. Irving B.
Richman, of Muscatine (Des Moines, 1895), which may be
found in most Iowa libraries. This is a clearly written and
most interesting history of the massacre and the causes which
led to it, including an account of the captivity of Miss Abbie
Gardner, the present Mrs. Sharp, who was so largely
instrumental in securing the erection of the beautiful monu-
ment at Lake Okoboji.

The Midland Monthly (Des Moines, Iowa), Vol. IV,
contains two valuable illustrated articles on the Massacre
and the Expedition. One of these was by Ex Gov. C. C.
Carpenter, pp. 17-31; the other by Mrs. Abbie Gardner

AUTOGRAPHES OF JULIEN DUBUQUE.

There is not in all probability a scrap of the handwriting
of this old miner and Indian trader within the limits of this
State, notwithstanding he left his name so prominently iden-
tified with our early settlements. It has been believed by
those who have thought upon the subject that the papers of
the Chouteau family of St. Louis would be found to contain
many letters or other business papers in Dubuque's hand-
writing, and historical collectors have been looking forward
to the proposed division of those documents among the
northwestern states, in the belief that much valuable infor-
mation would be brought to light. Letters by this "first
white man who lived in what is now the State of Iowa,"
would be both interesting and valuable. Several weeks
ago the Editor of The Annals called upon Colonel Pierre
Chouteau at his office in St. Louis, for the purpose of learning what prospects we have of securing a share of these valuable papers. We learned with regret that it is not at all flattering. In fact, these documents are likely to be retained permanently in St. Louis. A project is now on foot in that city to celebrate the centennial of the Louisiana Purchase, not by an exposition, but by a meeting of representative people, in 1903, from all of the states into which that territory was divided. As one result of this meeting it is expected that a western historical association will be organized with its headquarters in St. Louis. In that case, these Chouteau papers will not be distributed among the northwestern states, as was announced a year or so since, but will be arranged for permanent preservation and turned over to this proposed historical association, as a part of its archives. In the work of arranging the details of this great centennial the Hon. Fred W. Lehman, late of Des Moines, will take a prominent part, and certainly the West does not contain a man better informed or more competent for such an undertaking. But while the writer was in the office of Colonel Chouteau he was shown a business paper in the French language, which bore in two places the signatures of "Aug. Chouteau"—one of the founders of the city of St. Louis, and the head of the greatest business organization of early times in the West—and "J. Dubuque." We believe this is the first time that any Iowa man now living has seen a scrap of Dubuque's handwriting. The chance that Iowa will obtain any paper written or signed by the old pioneer depends upon whether another is found. It is likely, however, that there are others—though the existence among the Chouteau papers of letters by Dubuque is doubtful—and in case there are, one certainly will come to our Historical Department.

ORIGIN AND SIGNIFICATION OF THE WORD "DES MOINES."

In the present number of The Annals the reader will find a very interesting article from the pen of Dr. Charles R. Keyes, in which he presents a highly plausible theory of the