U. S. by P. A. F. Tardieu, 1806, and again in 1808 by same cartographer. 

These maps of course are wanting in much of the detail of modern maps of that section, but a rough diagram I submit herewith indicates the location of the "Jeffreou" river and makes it coincident with what is indicated on modern maps of Missouri as the North river, a stream entering the Mississippi a short distance south of the Fabius river.

I return herewith the letter of Mr. Harlan.

Very truly yours,

C. C. Royce.

NOTES.

On September 14, 1914, the Francis Scott Key chapter of the Daughters of 1812, by their president, Mrs. Mary H. S. Johnston, presented a memorial tablet to the Public Library of Council Bluffs, Iowa. It commemorates a visit by Abraham Lincoln to Council Bluffs. The inscription reads as follows:

To the memory of Abraham Lincoln, who on August 19, 1859, was the guest of Hon. William H. M. Pusey, whose residence stood on this ground, this tablet was placed by Francis Scott Key chapter Council Bluffs, Iowa, September 14, 1914.

J. M. Galvin, president of the library board, accepted the tablet. Addresses were made by Hon. Walter I. Smith and Gen. Grenville M. Dodge.

On the occasion commemorated, Mr. Lincoln reached Council Bluffs by boat from St. Joseph. He was accompanied by O. M. Hatch, then secretary of the state of Illinois. Mr. Lincoln registered at the Pacific House, transacted some personal business, held a conference with General Dodge, made an address on slavery in Concert Hall and visited his old friends, Thomas Officer and Judge W. H. M. Pusey.

On August 4th at Fairport, in Muscatine county, the new United States Biological Station was dedicated by public ceremony. It is a monument to the persistence of our governmental policy of restoring wasted resources, for the existence

1See Illustration opposite.
Maps identifying the Jefferson river of the Sious and Fox Treaty of 1804 with the North river of the present time.
of the fresh-water clam and all the industry and capital it supports is dependent on the success that attends the scientific experiments to be first worked out under the best circumstances.

But the station is even more a monument to John F. Boepple, a German immigrant to Iowa, who adapted his trade of cutting buttons from horns to the cutting of buttons from the shell of the clam. Though Mr. Boepple had not the instinct for gain that those had to whom he disclosed his adaptation, and therefore carried little more to his grave than the thoughts of a discoverer, his name is fixed in industrial annals, and the station and the bronze tablet to his honor affixed to its walls will so speak to those beyond our time.

The Historical Department is making a special effort to secure a complete set of the Journals of the Council and House of the Territory of Iowa for use in the indexing of the Archives. We would like, therefore, to call upon our friends to aid us in collecting copies of these documents, which are now very rare. Copies of any of these journals will be very acceptable, and we are especially anxious to secure the following:

- Journal of the Council of the 2nd Territorial Assembly 1839-'40.
- Journal of the Council of the 3rd Territorial Assembly 1840-'41.
- Journal of the House of the 3rd Territorial Assembly 1840-'41.
- Journal of the Council of the 4th Territorial Assembly 1841-'42.
- Journal of the Council of the 5th Territorial Assembly 1842-'43.
- Journal of the Council and House 6th Territorial Assembly 1843-'44.
- Journal of the Council and House 7th Territorial Assembly 1845, May-June.
Under a resolution adopted by the Thirty-fifth General Assembly, which authorized our institution to participate with any Iowa citizens in providing on behalf of our State some representation at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco in 1915, we have submitted a plan, which, so far as funds which the voluntary Commission have raised wholly by private subscription will permit, has been approved as follows:

The walls of the Iowa building will be hung with the best portraits of Iowa eminent personages, from the portrait galleries of the Historical Department.

A current filing case for every Iowa newspaper, if sent gratis to the Iowa building, will provide for any visitor the latest number of his home paper.

A series of book cases will contain the documents, reports and publications of each Iowa public institution from its organization to present time, and one or more will contain books by Iowa authors.

A representative collection and receptacle from our Autograph Collection and the Hall of Public Archives will be installed, and effort will be made to afford to the casual visitor a pleasing impression and to the specialist every aid to a knowledge of the fact, past or present, of every State purpose or policy. No accentuation of any one institution will be made, and no boom or puffing resorted to.

LEE GOODENOUGH.

In participating last summer in the appropriate reinterment of the remains of Joel Howe, one of the victims of the Spirit Lake massacre, the Historical Department made too little of the service of the modest, keen-sighted, thoughtful youth, Lee Goodenough, of Knoxville. It was he, who, a member of the summer camp of the Y. M. C. A., while delving alone along the edge of East Okoboji, observed the small bone fragments that led him to uncover and carefully preserve the remains which proved to be those of Joel Howe.