Receiving from Congress a commission to execute a statue of Lin-
coln, she went with her parents to Rome to have the clay model
duplicated in Carrara marble. This statue is at present in the
rotunda of the national capitol. She subsequently gave her entire
time to sculpture, studying under Bonnart in Paris and Majoli in
Rome. A statue of Admiral Farragut, ideal statues of Miriam,
"The West," "The Indian Girl," busts or medallions of Gen. G. B.
McClelland, Thaddeus Stevens, John Sherman, Horace Greeley,
Peter Cooper, Gen. U. S. Grant, and a bronze statue of Governor
Samuel J. Kirkwood are among her best known works.

NATHANIEL S. KETCHUM was born in Hackettstown, New Jersey,
July 25, 1839; he died at Marshalltown, Iowa, January 16, 1915.
His early education was obtained at Hopewell, Hoboken, and he
later studied civil and mechanical engineering at Princeton Un-
iversity. He removed to Iowa with John I. Blair and worked with
the corps of engineers constructing the Chicago, Iowa & Nebraska
Railway. In 1862 he entered the grain, stock and implement busi-
ness, beginning at Marshalltown and extending to various towns
as the railroad was completed. In 1872 he built the Eureka imple-
ment works at Sterling, Illinois, which he sold in 1874. In 1879 he
built the Moline wagon works at Moline, Illinois, and a year later
the Ketchum wagon works at Marshalltown, which he conducted
for ten years. In 1890 he incorporated the Ketchum & Johnson
Company, wholesale and retail dealers in wagons and implements,
but, after ten years' management, retired. He was a Republican
in politics, and was for several years a member and director of
the State Agricultural Society. He was a member of the Iowa State
Railroad Commission at the time of his death, having served since
January 1, 1905.

SAMUEL FORBEE was born in Columbia, Lancaster county, Penn-
sylvania, February 11, 1826; he died April 28, 1914, at his home in
Leon, Iowa. He was of French and German ancestry. His educa-
tion was obtained in the public schools and in Wyoming Seminary,
Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania. He studied law in the office of Hon.
Thaddeus Stevens at Lancaster and after admission to the bar
practiced his profession two years in Chambersburg. In the sum-
mer of 1855 he came west and located at Leon, Decatur county,
Iowa, where he immediately began a successful professional career.
While acting as county judge he organized Decatur county into
and gave names to most of the sixteen townships. He took an
active interest in promoting the development of his town and
county, and was a pioneer Republican who practically organized the
party in his section of the State. In 1870 he was appointed circuit
judge by Governor Samuel Merrill and afterward was elected twice
as district judge, serving eight years in all as circuit and district
judge.