Archibald C. Wilson was born at Warwick, Ontario, Canada, December 17, 1857, and died at Oelwein, Iowa, February 12, 1917. His education was obtained in common and high schools. He commenced clerking in a store at the age of sixteen and in a drug store at eighteen. In 1887 he removed to Oelwein and clerked in a drug store there. In 1890 he purchased an interest and in 1892 established a drug and book store of his own, which he continued to own and conduct through all his active life. He served as school director eight years. In 1903 he was elected senator from the Allamakee-Fayette district and served in the Thirtieth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second and Thirty-second extra general assemblies. In 1913 he was appointed a member of the State Commission of Pharmacy and was reappointed in 1916, serving until the time of his death. In 1915 he was a member of the executive committee of the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy.

William H. Tedford was born in Blount County, Tennessee, November 8, 1844, and died at Corydon, Iowa, July 25, 1917. He came with his parents to Louisa County, Iowa, in 1851. In 1861 he enlisted in Company F, Eleventh Iowa Infantry, and served four years. After the war he attended Grand View Academy, at Grand View, Louisa County, for two years. He then spent two years at the State University of Iowa, and was graduated from the Law Department in 1869. That year he located at Corydon and engaged in the practice of law. From 1873 to 1879 he was the senior member of the firm of Tedford & Miles. For ten years, 1891 to 1901, he was a judge of the district court. From 1908 to 1911 he was the senior member of the firm of Tedford & Carter. As a lawyer he was successful, as a judge, able, and was a public speaker of power. He was a student of literature.

Wallace M. Greeley was born in Orleans County, New York, March 15, 1840, and died at Ames, Iowa, February 15, 1917. He obtained a good education and taught school. He enlisted in the Union Army and became a captain. In 1866 he came to Iowa, locating on a farm one-half mile from Ames. In 1873 he removed to Ames and engaged in banking, which he followed the rest of his life. He helped to establish and build