Senator Townsend is an example, too infrequently identified in Iowa, of illustrious kinship. His father, John Selby Townsend, was a fine character, a good lawyer, a member of the House in the Fourth General Assembly in 1852, and a district judge in 1853-7 and 1859-62. The mother of Senator Townsend was a daughter of Dr. John D. Elbert, who was a member of the Legislative Council of Iowa Territory for the Fifth and Sixth sessions, being president during the Fifth Session. John D. Elbert was descended from Maryland landed proprietors who held their grants from Lord Calvert, a patent so showing having passed down to Senator Townsend. John D. Elbert was also the father of Leroy S. Elbert, a graduate of West Point in the class of 1861, who rose to the rank of captain but died of disease in 1863; of Benjamin F. Elbert of Des Moines, a member of the Thirteenth General Assembly, 1870; and of Samuel H. Elbert who practiced law at Portsmouth, Nebraska, was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1860, was a member of the Nebraska Territorial Council in 1861, was appointed secretary of Colorado Territory in 1862, was a member of Colorado Territorial Legislature in 1869, was appointed governor of that territory in 1873, became a justice of the Supreme Court of the new state in 1876, serving as such until 1889, being chief justice from 1880 to 1883.

David Orland Stone was born at Belpre, Washington County, Ohio, February 25, 1864, and died while in attendance at the General Assembly at Des Moines, Iowa, February 18, 1921. Burial was at Hawarden, Iowa. In 1867 he was brought by his parents in their removal to Cherokee County, Iowa, and in 1868 to Calliope, Sioux County. He was educated in common schools and at fourteen years of age commenced to learn the printer's trade in the office of the Sioux County Herald at Orange City. He later was employed as a printer at Rock Valley and Hull. In December, 1880, his father established the Independent at Calliope and two months later died, when the entire management of the paper devolved upon the son, then only seventeen years old. He thus became the youngest editor in the state. When the Northwestern railway was built into that vicinity in 1882 Hawarden was established, and there sprang up intense rivalry between Calliope and Hawarden. Editor Stone valiantly contended for his home town, but eventually yielded to the inevitable and in 1887 removed the Independent to Hawarden. He was postmaster at Hawarden from 1895 to 1899, was a member of the Hawarden Board of Education, and in 1914 was elected representative. He was re-elected in 1916, 1918, and 1920, thus being a member of the Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth general assemblies, and was starting on a very useful service in the Thirty-ninth, being chairman of the Appropriations Committee. His common sense and integrity made possible his successful forty years' editorship of his newspaper and his place of large influence in the House.