Geneva, New York, Agricultural Experiment Station. He came to Ames in 1905 as horticulturist of the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station, and professor of horticulture, and a little later was made vice-dean of agriculture. At the time of his death he was president of the Iowa State Horticulultural Society. He was the author of many publications, the most important being "Apples of New York." He was an excellent teacher, a fine experimenter, and left his impress for good on the student body and on the horticulturists of Iowa.—L. H. Pammel.

Joseph Cooper Locklin was born at Brandon, Wisconsin, November 3, 1853, and died at Aurelia, Cherokee County, Iowa, October 16, 1922. He was educated in common school, assumed the vocation of teacher, removed to Cherokee County, Iowa, in 1876, and in 1878 began farming. He followed this until 1893 when he removed to Aurelia and engaged in the grain business in which he remained ten years. In 1905 he entered the real estate, loan, and insurance business. For forty years he was secretary of the Maple Valley Mutual Insurance Association. In 1900 he was a lay delegate to the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He was a trustee of Morningside College for several years and was secretary and treasurer of the endowment fund. In 1887 he was elected representative and served in the Twenty-second General Assembly. He was again elected in 1918 and re-elected in 1920, serving in the Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth general assemblies. He was mayor of Aurelia four years and a member of the school board twenty-five years.

Nathan Marsh Pusey was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, June 21, 1841, and died at Council Bluffs, Iowa, October 9, 1922. In 1849 the family removed to Baltimore, Maryland, where he was educated in a private school. He studied law under Cochran & Stockbridge of Baltimore, was admitted to the bar in Maryland in 1864, and practiced in Baltimore until 1877. He then removed to Council Bluffs and entered the practice there. In 1882 he formed a partnership with Colonel W. F. Sapp, as Sapp & Pusey, which continued until Colonel Sapp's death in 1892, after which he practiced alone. For a period of some twenty years he was considered one of the ablest lawyers of western Iowa. In 1895 he was elected senator and served in the Twenty-sixth, Twenty-sixth Extra, and Twenty-seventh general assemblies.

Maurice D. O'Connell was born at Constable, Franklin County, New York, April 23, 1839, and died at Washington, D. C., August 26, 1922. Burial was at Fort Dodge, Iowa. He was educated at Franklin Academy, Malone, New York, and at Columbian (now George Washington) University, Washington, D. C., being graduated from the latter in 1866. For some years in his early life he had a position under the United States comptroller of the Treasury at Washington, and became chief of
a division in that department. In 1868-9 he was an employee in the First National Bank of San Antonio, Texas, but in 1869 removed to Fort Dodge, Iowa, and engaged in the practice of law. On November 5, 1872, he was elected district attorney for the Eleventh Judicial District to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of John H. Bradley, and on October 13, 1874, was re-elected for a full term of four years. He served as district attorney for the Northern District of Iowa in 1883-5, and again in 1889-93. From 1897 to 1905 he was solicitor of the United States Treasury. He was an efficient public officer and a political orator of reputation.

John William Bissell was born at Prescott, Canada, August 4, 1843, and died at Clearwater, Florida, August 23, 1922. On May 18, 1923, the body was conveyed to Fayette, Iowa, and interred there. His parents were John and Rebecca Bissell. He was educated at Rock River Seminary and at Northwestern University, being graduated from the latter in 1867. He taught Latin and Greek in Northern Indiana College and later in Brookston Academy. In 1872 he went to Upper Iowa University as an instructor and in 1874 became its president, and continued in that position until 1899. He then went to Charles City as pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church for one year, and was pastor of Grace Church, Waterloo, in 1902-4. He was district superintendent of the Cedar Falls (now the Waterloo) District in 1904-10. From 1910 to 1919 he devoted his time to raising endowment for retired ministers. He was a member of the General Conference of his church in 1884. During a few of the later years of his life he resided in Florida.

Hervey J. Vail was born in Belmont County, Ohio, November 22, 1845, and died at Pasadena, California, November 29, 1922. He came with his parents in their removal to Coal Creek, Keokuk County, Iowa, in 1864. He followed farming, but in 1871 entered the newspaper publishing business at Wilton Junction, Muscatine County, purchasing the Wilton Chronicle. In 1873 he founded the New Sharon Star. In 1884 he was a presidential elector on the Blaine ticket. In 1886 he sold the Star and removed to Pasadena, where he established the Pasadena Star as a weekly, later changing it to a daily. In 1896 he returned to Iowa and bought back the New Sharon Star, which he conducted until 1911, when he retired and returned to Pasadena. He was postmaster at New Sharon for a time during President Hayes's administration, and again after his return from California. He was a writer of force and brilliancy.

David Mould was born at Montgomery, Orange County, New York, April 14, 1856, and died at Sioux City, Iowa, August 26, 1921. He was of Hessian descent. He attended public school, the East Hampton preparatory school, and Harvard University, and was graduated from