D. Fulton Rice
pany I, Forty-ninth Regiment, Iowa Volunteer Infantry, being commissioned April 26, 1898, and was mustered out at Savannah, Georgia, May 13, 1899. During much of that time he was on detail as judge advocate, General Court Martial, Second Division, Seventh Army Corps, under General Fitzhugh Lee, both at Jacksonville, Florida, and at Mariano, Cuba. In 1903 he was elected representative and served in the Thirtieth and Thirty-first general assemblies, taking a leading part in much important legislation. He became a leading lawyer in his portion of the state, his practice extending into many counties, and while his was a general practice, he won his greatest reputation in the fields of telephone, electric light and power, and fraternal insurance litigation. He acquired a large amount of Allamakee County lands, much of which he operated. He had superior talents, was honorable and reliable, was a lover of nature, and was noted as an orator of ability.

D. Fulton Rice was born on a farm in Appanoose County, Iowa, September 13, 1889, and died in Centerville, February 28, 1929. His parents were John F. and Sarah E. (Hibbs) Rice. He attended common school and for short periods the State Normal School at Kirksville, Missouri, and Drake University at Des Moines. He taught school for five years, read law with H. E. Valentine of Centerville, attended the Law School of the University of Michigan and was admitted to the bar in June, 1917. He practiced for a brief time in Centerville and in Knoxville. During the World War he enlisted and was assigned to the Judge Advocate's office at Camp Beauregard, Alexandria, Louisiana. While there he was nominated for Congress by the Democratic party of the Eighth District the fall of 1918, but was defeated by the then incumbent, Horace M. Towner. Returning home after the war he entered practice at Centerville. In 1924 he was elected representative and served in the Forty-first General Assembly. He was not a candidate for re-election, but because of the death of Charles Harvey Scott who had been elected representative from that county, but who had died before qualifying, Mr. Rice held over during the Forty-second General Assembly under a provision of the Constitution. He was a popular young man and appeared to be well entered on a useful career when he met a tragic death at the hands of an irrational assassin.

James Patton Flick was born at Bakerstown, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, August 28, 1845, and died in Bedford, Iowa, February 25, 1929. His parents, John and Margaret (Patton) Flick, removed with their family to Wapello County, Iowa, in 1852 and to Taylor County in 1856, locating on a farm. James P. obtained his education in local schools, and by private study. On April 3, 1862, he enlisted in Company K, Fourth Iowa Infantry, saw active and hard service with his regiment through its great campaigns and was mustered out at Jonesboro, Georgia, at the expiration of his service, September 4, 1864. Soon