the Iowa State Normal School from 1886 to 1898, as a member of the Iowa Columbian Commission at the World's Fair in 1892 and 1893, and was postmaster at Montezuma from May 12, 1897, to November 17, 1903. He then removed to Cedar Falls and was owner and editor of the Cedar Falls Daily Record from 1903 to 1911. He was postmaster at Cedar Falls from April 1, 1909, to July 24, 1912. He then removed to Des Moines, was for eight years editor of the Iowa Farmer, was a correspondent for several important publications, and furnished a weekly letter to some seventy Iowa newspapers. During all his career he was an active lay member of the Methodist Episcopal church, a prominent Sunday School worker, an able writer and public speaker, a genial man and a chistian gentleman.

JAMES HARVEY APPLEGATE was born in Montgomery County, Indiana, April 23, 1852, and died in Guthrie Center, Iowa, March 13, 1932. His parents, Philander and Mary Ann Dixon Applegate, removed their family to Fairfield, Iowa, in 1856, but in the spring of 1857 located on a farm in Marion County. The son attended public school in the country, and Central University, Pella, from which he was graduated in 1877. He taught school at intervals both while attending college and after graduation, first in country schools, and later in Knoxville High School, Pella High School, and was principal of the Sigourney High School. During his years of teaching he was reading law under direction of Stone & Ayers of Knoxville, was admitted to the bar March 13, 1881, at Knoxville, and began practice the same year at Stuart, forming a partnership with H. E. Long as Long & Applegate. This continued for about a year, and in January, 1884, he joined with B. F. Adams in the firm of Adams & Applegate. He was mayor of Stuart two terms, first being elected in 1882, and followed that by being city solicitor. In February, 1885, he removed to Guthrie Center and joined John W. Foster in practice there. The fall of 1890 he was elected as one of the three judges of the Fifth Judicial District, and by reason of re-elections, served continuously until his death, forty-one years, two months and twelve days, the longest period of judicial service in the history of the state. He was held in high regard by the members of the bar and by the public for his knowledge of the law, independence, courage, honesty and courtesy. He was an active member of the Presbyterian church.

OLE O. ROE was born near Bergen, Norway, June 4, 1854, and died in Des Moines, Iowa, April 11, 1932. Burial was in Masonic Cemetery, Des Moines. His parents, Ole S. and Christine Roe, removed their family to Clinton, Iowa, in 1862. Ole O. acquired his education in the schools of Clinton, and of Story County, and in the Polytechnic School of Des Moines where he was a student two years. He was graduated from the Iowa College of Law, Des Moines, in 1878, practiced law and taught school in Story County, becoming principal of Story City schools, in 1881 was elected county superintendent of Story County, and