Charles Lepley Hays
CHARLES LEPLEY HAYS was born in Iowa City, Iowa, February 16, 1858, and died in Aberdeen, South Dakota, December 20, 1934. Burial was at Eldora, Iowa. His parents were Silas and Christina Lepley Hays. The family removed to a farm near Eldora where Charles grew to manhood, receiving his early education in country public school. He later attended Oskaloosa College, and Drake University, being graduated in liberal arts from the latter in 1884, and from the Law School of Drake in 1885. He taught school for several years, country school in Hardin County, and city school in East Des Moines. He followed that by the practice of law at Eldora, which he pursued for forty years. He was an active lay member of the Christian church, and served his community in many ways. He was city attorney of Eldora for some time, was a member of the Eldora City Council, of the library board, and of the park committee. He assisted materially in securing Pine Creek State Park at Eldora. On December 1, 1929, he was appointed by Governor John Hammill as judge of the Superior Court at Iowa Falls. He was elected to that position March 29, 1931, and continued to act until September 8, 1931, when he resigned on account of ill health.

PETE ALFRED BENDIXEN was born in Davenport, Iowa, October 8, 1882, and died while temporarily absent at Beardstown, Illinois, December 30, 1934. Burial was in Oakdale Cemetery, Davenport. His parents were Peter and Katherine Bendixen. He was graduated from Glenbrook High School in 1899, attended Coe College, Iowa State Normal School, was graduated from University of Chicago with the degree of B. S. in 1902, received his M. D. degree from Rush Medical College in 1905, and began practice in Davenport soon thereafter. At various times he took postgraduate work, studying at the University of Vienna, the University of Berlin, and the University of Budapest. In 1914 he received the degree of F. A. C. S. from the American College of Surgery. He became known as an authority on bone fractures and breaks. He was employed by several railroads and other corporations and had a very extensive practice. He received distinguished honors from the leading medical associations, a recent one being his election in 1934 as president of the Central States Society of Industrial Medicine and Surgery at its convention at Springfield, Illinois. His charity was extensive and his activities in many lines were such as to draw too heavily on his vigorous constitution, bringing his early death.

TOLLEF CHRISTIANSON RONE was born in Romsdahl, Norway, April 27, 1854, and died in Northwood, Iowa, January 7, 1935. Burial was in Shell Rock Cemetery three miles northwest of Northwood. He was with his parents, Christen and Ingeborg Rone, when they immigrated to America, settling in Dane County, Wisconsin, in 1870. He obtained a