Horace M. Rebok

ISSN 0003-4827
No known copyright restrictions.

Recommended Citation
"Horace M. Rebok." The Annals of Iowa 20 (1936), 394-394. Available at: https://doi.org/10.17077/0003-4827.5873

Hosted by Iowa Research Online
it for several years. He was appointed by Governor Cummins a
member of his military staff in 1909, and was reappointed by each
succeeding governor, including Governor Herring, remaining on the
staff until his death. Both in the Spanish American War and in the
World War he did patriotic duty on home committees. Politically he
was Republican but his friends were of all parties. He loved the
beauties of nature, loved his fellow men, and was loved by them in
return.

Horace M. Rebok was born at Chippensburg, Pennsylvania, April
2, 1864, and died in Santa Monica, California, April 10, 1936. Burial
was in Woodlawn Cemetery, Santa Monica. When he was in his teens
his father, the Reverend Henry Rebok, a clergyman of the United
Brethren Church, removed with his family to Toledo, Iowa, where
Horace entered Western College, then located at Toledo. He went
to Otterbein University, Westerville, Ohio, for the last two years of
his liberal arts and was graduated from there. He taught school one
year at Dysart, Iowa, then for five years was principal of the schools
at Tama. President Cleveland appointed him agent of the Sac and
Fox Indians located near Tama which position he had from October
1, 1894, to January 28, 1899. He won the friendship of the Indians
and was successful in teaching them farming as practiced by modern
methods, and interested them in schools and education. In addition
to his work as Indian agent he edited the Tama County Democrat,
published at Toledo. On finishing his work as Indian agent he removed
to California, and took postgraduate work at Leland Stanford Uni-
versity. This he followed by becoming editor and publisher of The
World Review, Chicago, an enterprise not proving profitable. After
two years he returned to California and took a position as head of
the oral expression department in Los Angeles High Schools, remain-
ing there until 1907 when he became superintendent of schools at Santa
Monica. While filling that position he was chosen president of the
Southern California Schoolmasters' Club, president of the southern sec-
tion of the California Teachers' Association, and was made a member
of the State Council of Education. He led the campaign that brought
a branch of the State University to Southern California. He won a
high place in the educational field of the state.

George McCulloch was born at Benton, Holmes County, Ohio,
October 24, 1848, and died in Humbeston, Iowa, April 12, 1936. His
parents were Joseph and Nancy (Miller) McCulloch. He was reared
on his father's farm and acquired his early education in the schools
near his place of birth. He removed to Iowa in 1870 and began the
study of medicine with Dr. C. E. Rayburn of Brooklyn. In the fall
of 1871 he entered Rush Medical College, Chicago, but soon thereafter
the great Chicago fire destroyed the building of that college, and he
left Chicago and entered the Medical Department of Michigan State