Daniel Hampton Bowen was born in Green County, Wisconsin, September 6, 1850, and died at Waukon, Iowa, August 27, 1921. He was the son of Jared Ingersoll and Lacy Ann Bowen. He grew to manhood on his father's farm and attended common school. He then spent three years in the office of Dr. Russell Broughton, of Broadhead, Wisconsin, following that by entering Rush Medical College, and was graduated from it in 1876 with the degree of M. D. Soon thereafter he located at Rossville, Allamakee County, Iowa, for the practice of medicine. In 1880 he removed to Waukon and formed a partnership with Dr. J. B. Mattoon. He served as president of the Alumni Association of Rush Medical College, as president of the Allamakee County Medical Society, as a member of the Waukon City Council, as mayor of Waukon, and as a member of the Waukon Board of Education. In 1878 he was elected coroner of Allamakee County and served two terms. In 1895 he was elected representative and was re-elected in 1897 and 1899, serving in the Twenty-sixth, Twenty-sixth extra, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth general assemblies. He was speaker of the House in the Twenty-eighth, having been chosen over Willard L. Eaton by a vote of 43 to 38 in a notable contest in which the re-election of Senator John H. Gear was contested by Albert B. Cummins, Dr. Bowen being identified with Gear's friends. Dr. Bowen was deservedly popular as a physician and as a public man.

Theodore Bolivar Perry was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, April 1, 1832, and died at Albia, Iowa, May 14, 1921. He came with his parents, Lewis Franklin and Margaret Nixon Perry, on their removal to Burlington, Iowa, in 1850. In the following few years he taught school in Wapello, Polk, Warren, Madison and Monroe counties. He made his home in Albia from May 14, 1853. He studied law with Judge John S. Townsend, with whom he was later associated as a partner. He was admitted to the bar in 1854. In 1858 he was elected a member of the Iowa Board of Education and served for four years. In 1891 he was elected senator and served in the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth general assemblies, and proved to be a useful legislator. He was a Democrat in politics and an acknowledged leader of his party, was a prominent lawyer, a successful business man and a useful citizen.

Thomas Weidman was born at Columbia, New Jersey, August 30, 1838, and died at Red Oak, Iowa, July 3, 1921. With his parents' family he removed to Waverly, Pennsylvania, in 1851 and to Fremont County, Iowa, in 1856. He removed to Montgomery County in 1861. He engaged in farming and became an extensive land owner. In 1887 he was elected senator and served in the Twenty-second and Twenty-third general assemblies. Later he was for a time special agent of the government land office in New Mexico, but resigned and returned to Montgomery County.