Charles E. Kellogg
Anna Olson was born in Norway in 1832 and died at Paullina, Iowa, March 13, 1925. She immigrated to America in 1856, locating first at Ottawa, Illinois, and the next year removing to Henry county, Iowa. She was taught English by the future governor of Kansas, L. D. Lewelling, who was a stepson of Eric Knutson, where she resided. Here also she married Soren Olson and located at Le Grand, Iowa, in the fall of 1858, and was instrumental in forming the first Norwegian settlement in that community and establishing a Quaker meeting in the Norse language, which is still kept up. In 1883 Mrs. Olson organized a number of people from her neighborhood and was instrumental with others in purchasing lands in that vicinity. She was a woman of great force of character, able, efficient, was actively interested in education, reforms, and benevolences, was a leader in the community where she resided, and in the church with which she was connected.—B. L. W.

Charles E. Kellogg was born at Berlin Heights, Erie County, Ohio, February 13, 1872, and died in a hospital in Waterloo, Iowa, August 17, 1925. Burial was at Corning. He was brought by his parents in their removal to a farm in Adair County, Iowa, in 1881. He attended common school, Greenfield High School in 1892 and 1893, and Simpson College in 1894. Until 1905 he farmed in summers and taught rural schools in winters. He then became an implement salesman and for many years was manager at Corning of the Coffee & Irwin Implement Company. At the time of his death he was salesman for the Advance Rumley Thresher Company with northeast Iowa as his territory. While at Corning he was justice of the peace two terms, was a member of the school board, and in 1918 was elected representative and served in the Thirty-eighth General Assembly. He was a Democrat in politics.

Lorin Nelson Hays was born near Fostoria, Wood County, Ohio, August 26, 1847, and died at Knoxville, Iowa, October 15, 1926. At a little over seventeen years of age, or on February 1, 1865, he enrolled as a private in Company K, One Hundred and Eighty-fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and was mustered out with the company at Lexington, Kentucky, September 26, 1865. Soon after the close of the war he went to Kansas and taught school a few years, then returned to Ohio and attended Oberlin College for a time, studied law at Tiffin, and in 1873 located at Knoxville, Iowa, and entered a partnership with his brother, E. R. Hays, in the practice of law, which partnership continued until his brother's death in 1896. This was followed by a partnership with C. H. Amos until Mr. Amos' death, after which Mr. Hays practiced alone until his election as district judge in 1910. His services in that position dated from January, 1911, to January, 1923. On retiring from the bench he entered the practice with his son, Norman Hays, and with C. C. Heer, as Hays, Hays & Heer,